

Kick-Off Event 29 March, 2022

Food environments in Africa: Addressing malnutrition using a syndemics approach

A collaborative project between the University of Cape Town, University of the Western Cape, South Africa Medical Research Council, and Ludwig-Maximilians University (Munich)

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University of the Western Cape





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The team

Chronic Disease Initiative for Africa, University of Cape Town, Cape Town, SA (CDIA/UCT)

Chair of Public Health and Health Services Research, Ludwig-

Maximilians-



A/Prof. Dr. Peter Delobelle







Dr. Peter von Philipsborn



Dr. Olufunke Alaba



Dr. Karin Geffert



Carmen Klinger, MSc



Dr. Jillian Hill



Universität Munich, Germany (LMU)

School of Public Health, University of the Western Cape (UWC), Cape Town/ SA Medical Research Council



A/Prof. Dr. Zandile J Mchiza

Dr. Martina Lembani





The extended team

Postgraduate candidates

- o Annalie Wentzel
- o Hlolisiso Nonkeneza





Admin / fin support

- o Carnita Ernest
- o Carmelita Sylvester
- o Sharon Wakefield
- o Chantal Stuart
- o Tamlin Petersen
- Sidiqa Abbas
- o Nolitha Komeni
- o Carla Fisher

Aims of the project

To address malnutrition and its determinants and explore interventions at macro-(policy), meso-(community) and micro-(interpersonal) level

i) *Adaptation* of existing approaches for assessing and improving food environments to the double burden of malnutrition

ii) Implementation of these (adapted) approaches in South Africa

iii) *Leveraging* and strengthening existing regional networks

Use of integrated knowledge translation throughout the process

Project overview

WP0: Management, coordination and communication

Macro level: Meso Policy Com determinants dete

 WP2: Mapping and benchmarking of private food industry policies (BIA-Obesity)
WP3: Mapping and benchmarking of public nutrition policies (Food-EPI) Meso level: Community determinants

 WP4: Assessing community food environments
WP5: Improving the informal street food environment (Street Food Vendor Business Model) Micro level: Interpersonal determinants

•WP6: Leveraging digital solutions (Multi-media entertainmenteducation intervention) and local social networks (Community Health Worker Training) WP1: Complex systems mapping

WP7: Capacity and network building

WP8: Integrated knowledge translation

Macro level: Policy determinants

- WP2: Adaptation of the BIA-Obesity framework for countries facing a DBM and implementation in South Africa
 - ► INFORMAS BIA-Obesity framework (Business Impact Assessment on Obesity and population-level nutrition) → i) assess policies and commitments related to the DBM of the private food sector in SA, ii) benchmark them against international best practices, and iii) identify priority actions for change
- WP3: Update of the Food-EPI for South Africa in the context of a DBM
 - ► INFORMAS Food-EPI framework (Healthy Food Environment Policy Index) → measure the extent of implementation of food environment policies related to the DBM by the South African government compared to international best practices
 - Currently adapted by INFORMAS to the DBM (pilot-tested in Uganda and Tanzania (unpublished work by Vandevijvere *et al.* 2021), update in SA (first Food-EPI in SA conducted in 2016)

Meso level: Community determinants

- WP4: Assessment of the community food environment in South Africa
 - Geospatial mapping of outdoor food and beverage advertising in three townships in the Western Cape (using the INFORMAS Outdoor Advertising Protocol)
 - Mapping of residents' interaction with local food environments (food choice & procurement questionnaires, diaries and maps)
 - Identify community-level actors, organisations and programmes that influence the FE in these communities

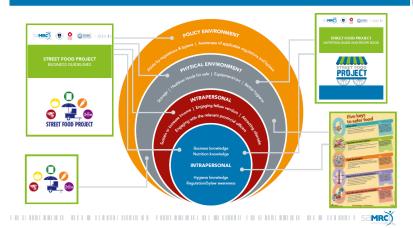




Meso level: Community determinants

- WP5: Leveraging informal food business to improve the community food environment
 - Conducting business analyses of informal food outlets in three townships in the WEC
 - Updating, expansion and adaptation of the existing business model developed for Street Food Vending to form the Informal Business Model (IBM) that accommodates both the street food vendor & spaza / community shop businesses

STREET FOOD VENDING MODEL FRAMEWORK (AND PROPOSED TOOLS)



Pilot-testing and refining the newly developed IBM to support financial sustainability of street vendors and spaza shops and creating an enabling environment for consumers to make healthy food choices

Micro level: Interpersonal determinants

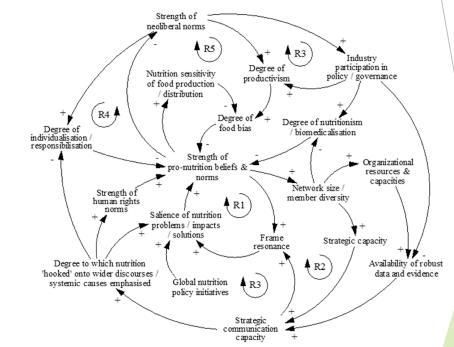
- WP6: Leveraging local networks and social / traditional media to improve nutrition literacy using multi-media entertainmenteducation (MM-EE)
 - Updating and expansion of already existing nutrition and health related messages that form the MM-EE curriculum so that they include messages with skills to improve food choice and financial freedom
 - These messages are conveyed as entertaining short stories in the form of comic booklets and videos to the community via SMS, WhatsApp
 - Pilot-testing and finalising the expanded MM-EE curriculum





Cross-cutting components

- WP1: Complex systems mapping to identify drivers and outcomes of the DBM
 - Develop complex systems maps using group model building in three townships in the Western cape depicting drivers and outcomes of the DBM from the meso-level and macrolevel perspective



Cross-cutting components

- WP7: Building a Sub-Saharan African food environment and systems research, policy, and practice network
 - Leveraging and strengthening existing networks among food environment and systems researchers in SSA (collaboration with FERN); mapping of researchers in food environment and systems research in SSA
 - Exploring opportunities and needs for capacity building; facilitate mutual learning, knowledge exchange and evidence uptake
 - Open-access toolbox on food environment and systems research, policy and practice (online library MEDBOX)

Cross-cutting components

- WP8: Integrated knowledge translation (IKT) with food environment and systems policy and practice in South Africa
 - Development of a stakeholder analysis, engagement, and communication strategy
 - Methodological support for WPs-specific stakeholder engagement strategies
 - Capacity building for IKT among internal and external stakeholders, development of a IKT toolbox
 - Overall project related knowledge translation and dissemination

Thank you!